

## **Midpoint Formula**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Score \_\_\_\_\_

MP:13

Example: Find the midpoint of a line segment with the endpoints (1.5, -2) and (-0.3, 4).

Midpoint = 
$$\left(\frac{\mathbf{x_1 + x_2}}{2}, \frac{\mathbf{y_1 + y_2}}{2}\right)$$
  $\mathbf{x_1} = 1.5$ ;  $\mathbf{x_2} = -0.3$ ;  $\mathbf{y_1} = -2$ ;  $\mathbf{y_2} = 4$   
=  $\left(\frac{1.5 - 0.3}{2}, \frac{-2 + 4}{2}\right)$   
= (0.6, 1)

Find the midpoint of the line segments from the given endpoints.

1) 
$$\left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 and  $\left(-4, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ 

4) 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{5}{3}\right)$$
 and  $\left(-\frac{9}{5}, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$ 

5) 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -6\right)$$
 and  $(-2, -8)$ 



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## **Answer key**

Example: Find the midpoint of a line segment with the endpoints (1.5, -2) and (-0.3, 4).

Midpoint = 
$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$
  $x_1 = 1.5$ ;  $x_2 = -0.3$ ;  $y_1 = -2$ ;  $y_2 = 4$   
=  $\left(\frac{1.5 - 0.3}{2}, \frac{-2 + 4}{2}\right)$   
= (0.6, 1)

Find the midpoint of the line segments from the given endpoints.

1) 
$$\left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 and  $\left(-4, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ 

(-2, 1)

(-0.55, -0.15)

4) 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{5}{3}\right)$$
 and  $\left(-\frac{9}{5}, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$ 

(0.6, 4)

$$\left(-1, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

5) 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -6\right)$$
 and  $(-2, -8)$ 

$$\left(-\frac{7}{3},-7\right)$$