

Nature of Roots

Name _____

Score _____

RQ:24

For the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,

If $b^2 - 4ac > 0$, then the roots are real and unequal.

If $b^2 - 4ac = 0$, then the roots are real and equal.

If $b^2 - 4ac < 0$, then the roots are unreal(complex).

Find the nature of roots for each quadratic equation.

1)
$$7m^2 - m = 0$$

$$2) y^2 + 3y + 5 = 0$$

3)
$$3k^2 + 2k - 3 = 0$$

4)
$$4t^2 - t - 2 = 0$$

5)
$$g^2 + 10g + 25 = 0$$

6)
$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$$

7)
$$2n^2 - 9 = 0$$

8)
$$5p^2 - p - 6 = 0$$

Answer key

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Find the nature of roots for each quadratic equation.

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2)
$$y^2 + 3y + 5 = 0$$

The roots are unreal.

3)
$$3k^2 + 2k - 3 = 0$$

The roots are unreal.

4)
$$4t^2 - t - 2 = 0$$

The roots are real and unequal.

5)
$$q^2 + 10q + 25 = 0$$

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$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$$

The roots are real and equal.

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